



“Go Beyond Cure
of Breast Cancer”

Association between **OBESITY** and *Firmicutes/Bacteroidetes* ratio in Breast cancer patients

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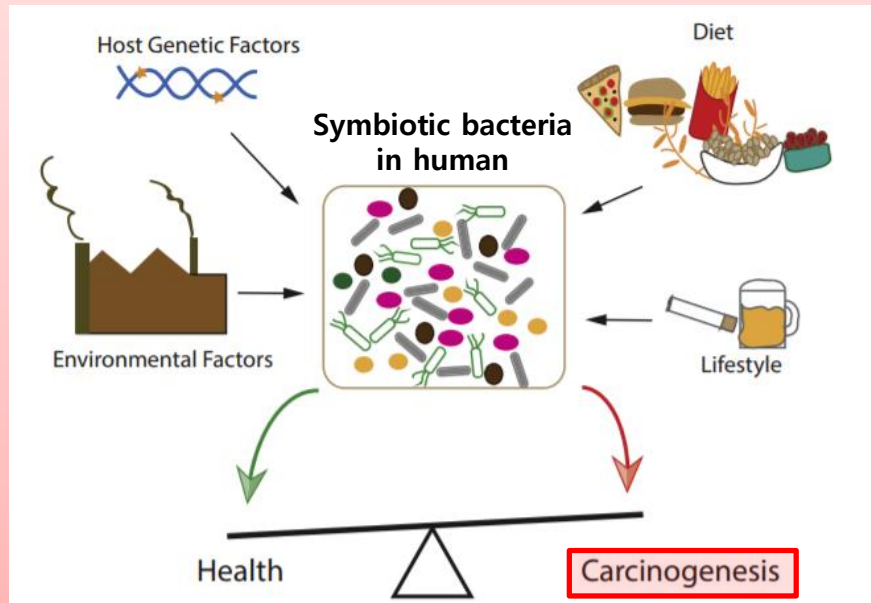
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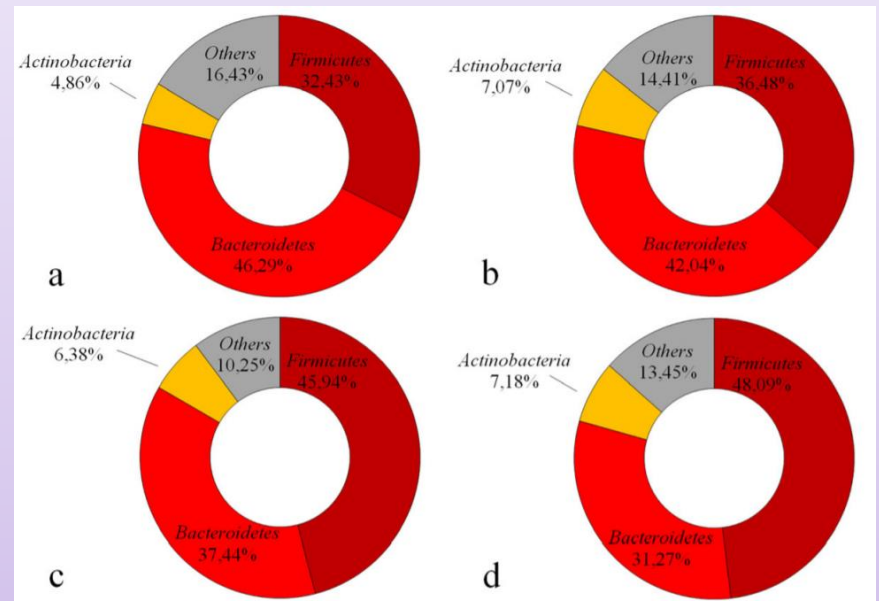
Association between body mass index (BMI) and Firmicutes/Bacteroidetes (F/B) ratio

Symbiotic relationship with bacteria and human



The symbiotic relationship disturbed

The relative abundance of the **major microbial phyla** in different **BMI** categories



The relative abundance of the major microbial phyla in different BMI categories (a BMI < 18.5, b BMI 18.5–24.9, c BMI 25–29.9 and d BMI ≥ 30)

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Method for metagenomic analysis

◆ Patients characteristics

- Blood samples: **95** breast cancer patients & **187** healthy individuals females at Ewha Womans University Mokdong Hospital & Inje University Paik hospital, Haeundae
- Duration of data collection: 4.2011 ~ 8. 2015
- **Age adjustment** was performed in all analyses.
- The **preoperative blood samples** were collected.

◆ Extracellular vesicles(EV): EV isolation and EV DNA prep

◆ Bacterial 16S rDNA sequencing(NGS)

using a **universal bacterial primer of 16S rDNA** (Miseq)

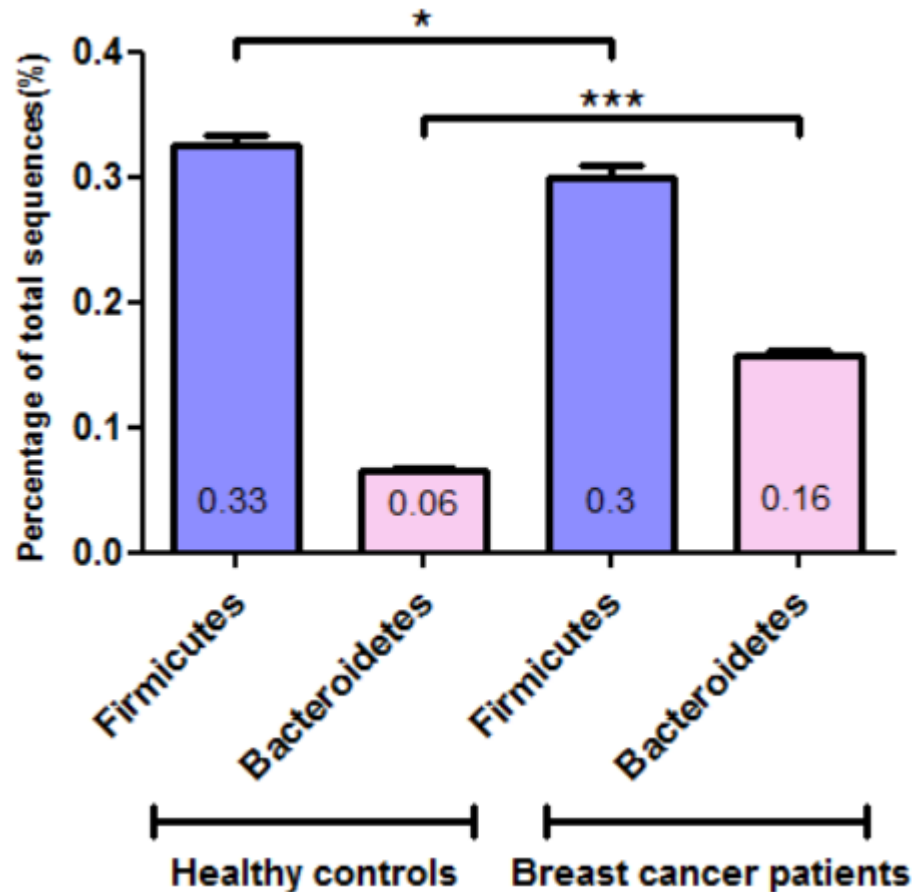
taxonomic assignment: **profiling program** MDx-Pro ver.1

◆ Statistic analysis: **T-test, Kaplan-meier survival analysis**



Comparison of Firmicutes and Bacteroidetes in healthy controls and breast cancer patients

Firmicutes and *Bacteroidetes* ratios differ between breast cancer patients and healthy controls.

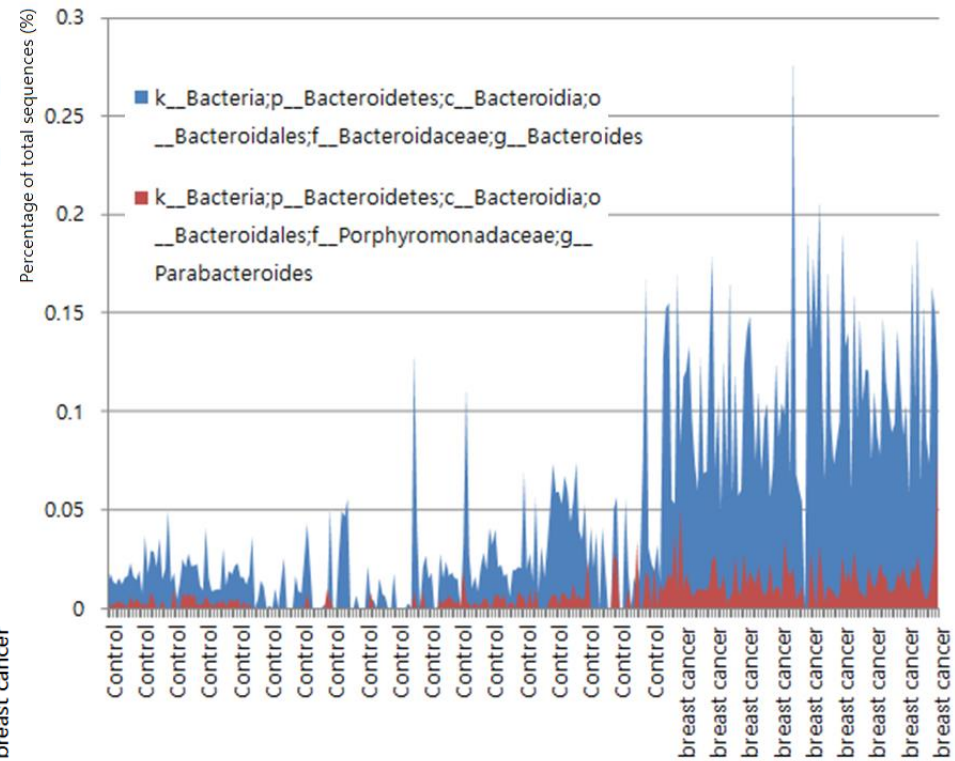
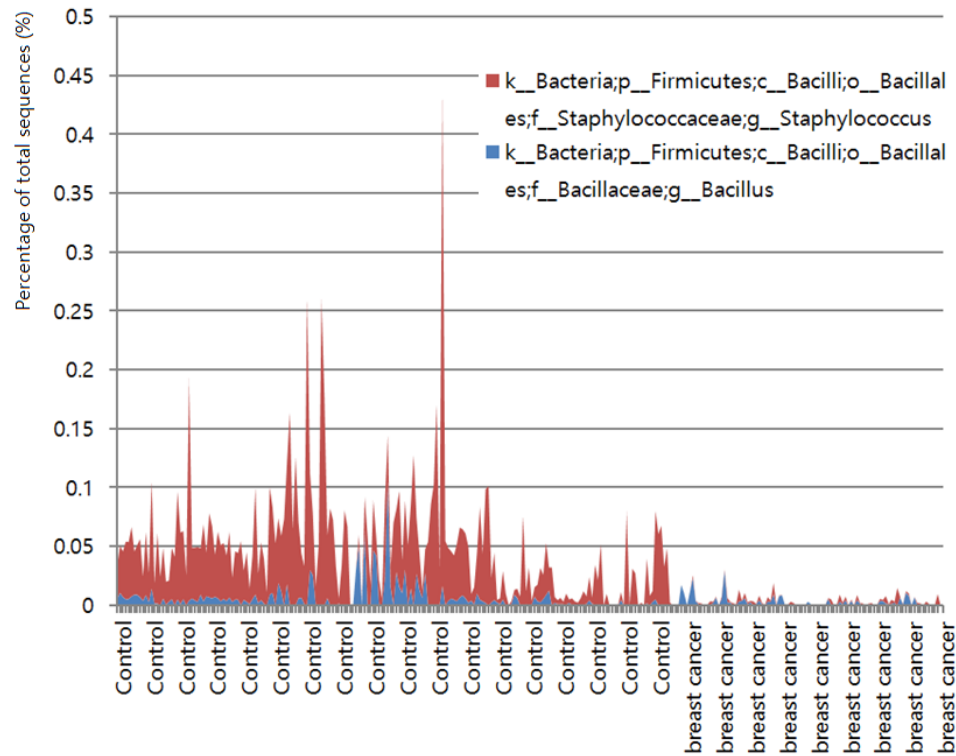


NS P > 0.05
* P ≤ 0.05
** P ≤ 0.01
*** P ≤ 0.001



The different representative bacteria between the control and breast cancer groups in *Firmicutes* and *Bacteroides*

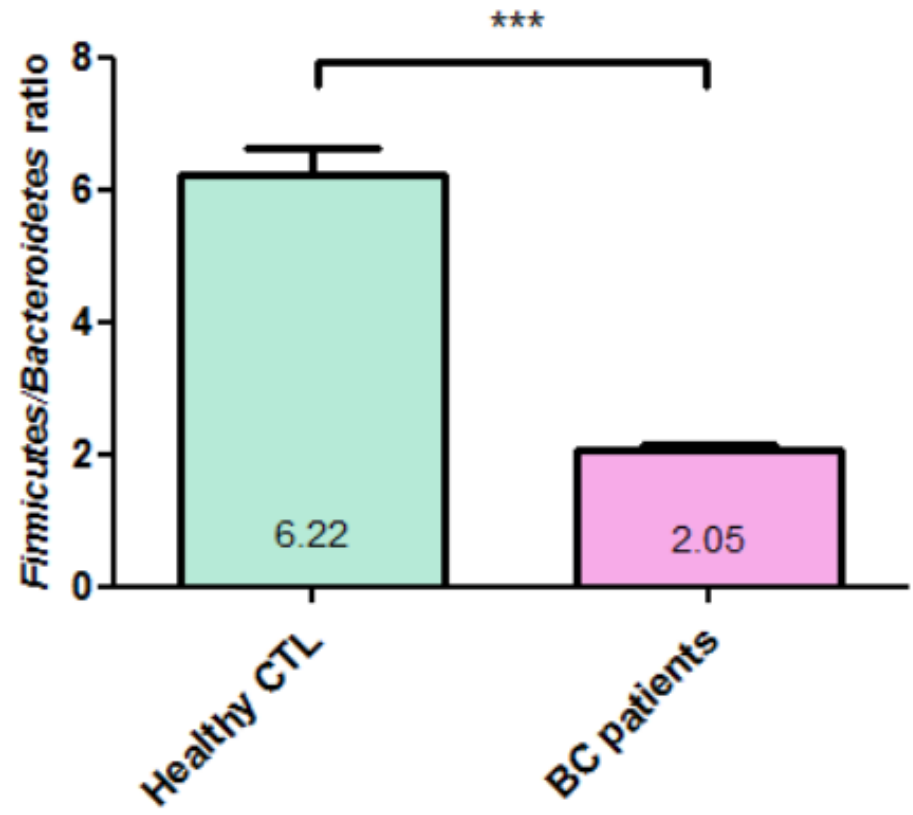
Firmicutes are abundant in healthy controls, and *Bacteroidetes* are abundant in breast cancer patients.





Comparison of F/B ratio in healthy controls and breast cancer patients

The F/B ratio is **three times higher** in **healthy controls** than in breast cancer patients.



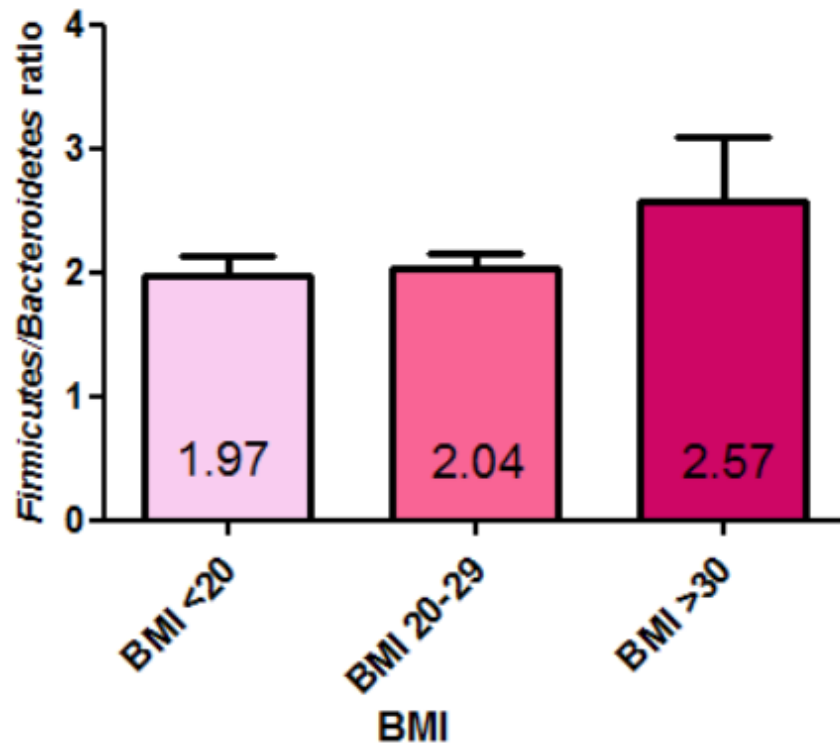
NS P > 0.05
* P ≤ 0.05
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*** P ≤ 0.001

CTL: control
BC: Breast cancer



F/B ratio according to BMI in breast cancer patients

The higher the BMI in breast cancer patients, the higher the F/B ratio is.

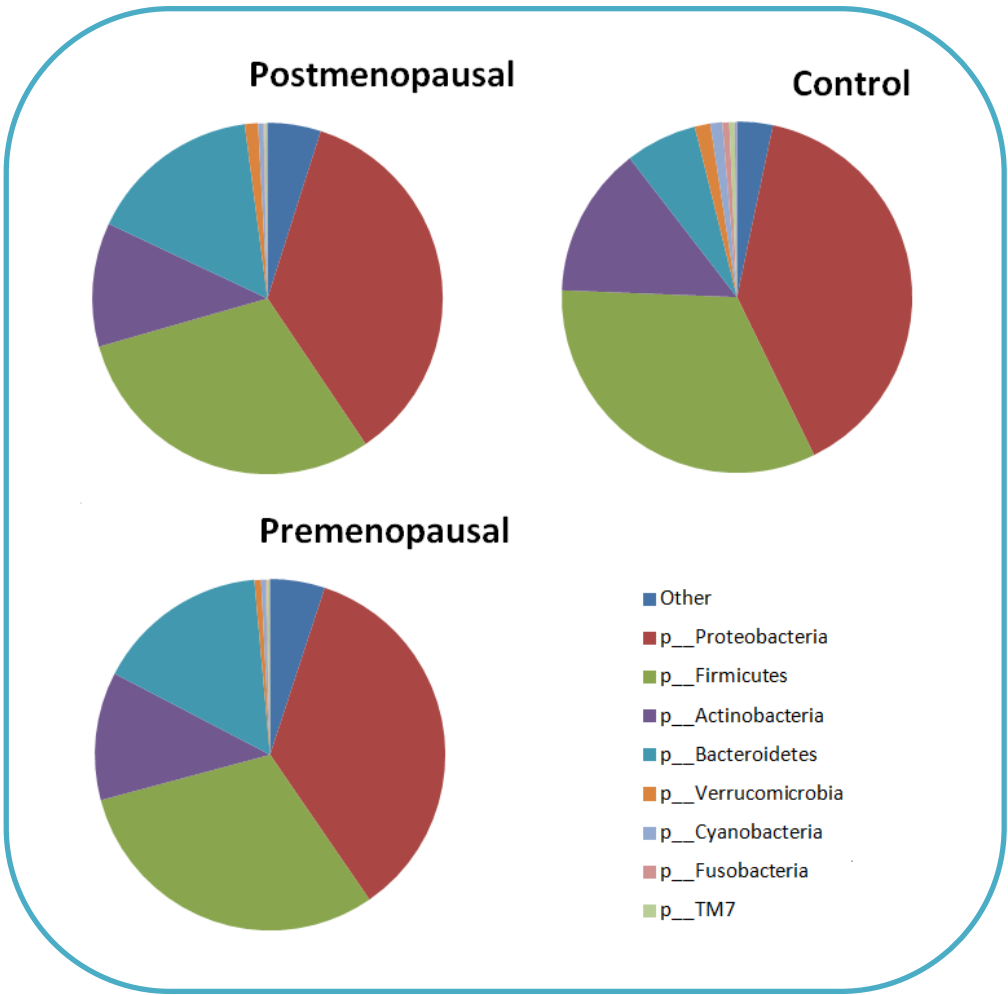


NS P > 0.05
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Comparison of F/B ratio according to **menstruation** in **breast cancer patients**

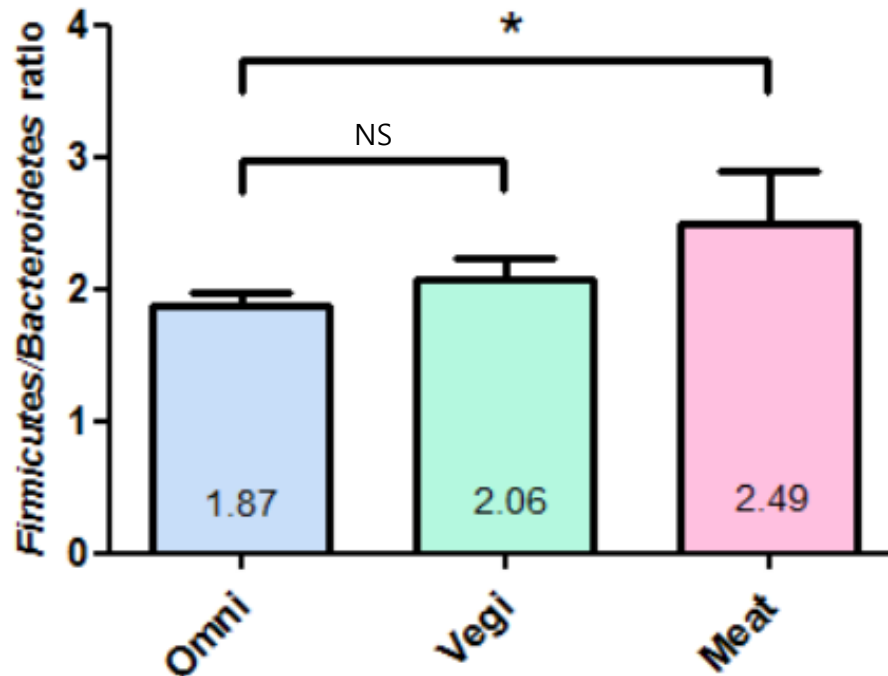
There was no relationship between F/B ratio and menstruation in breast cancer patients.





Comparison of F/B ratio according to diet in breast cancer patients

The F / B ratio was **higher** in the group that enjoyed **eating meat**.

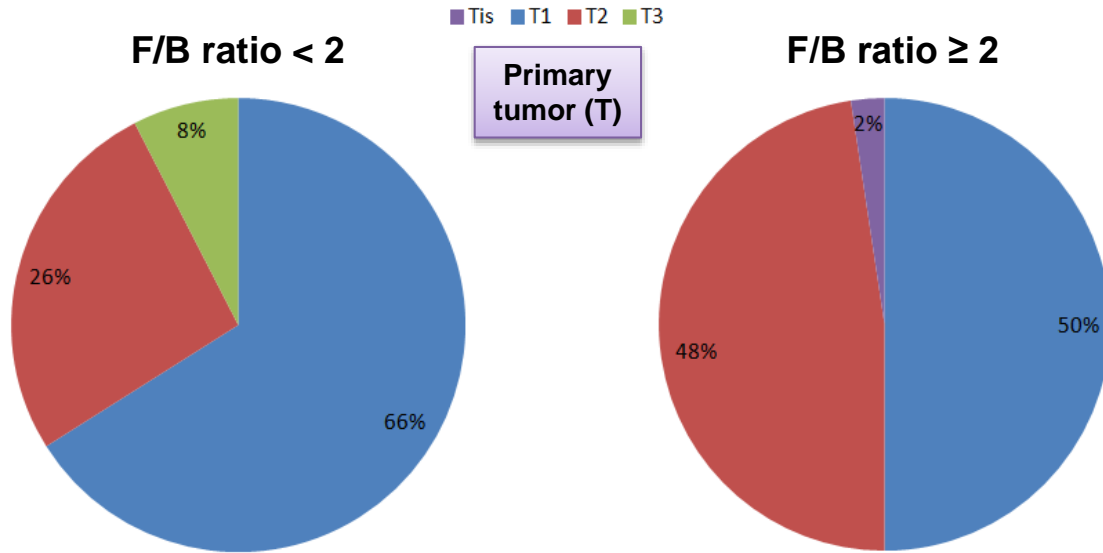


NS P > 0.05
* P ≤ 0.05
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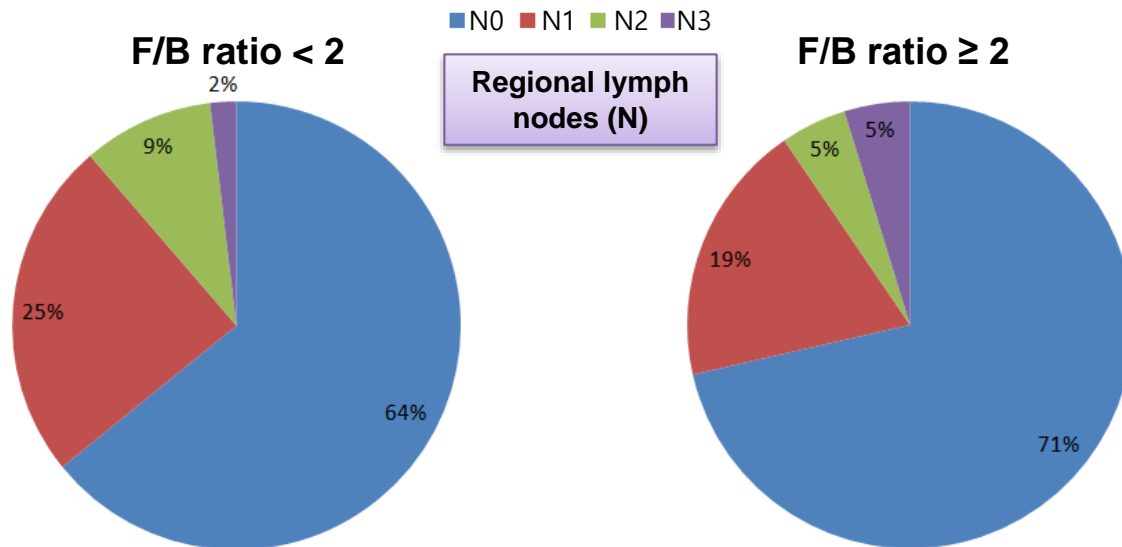
Omni : Omnivorous meal
Vegi : Vegetable-based meal
Meat : Meat-based meal



Comparison of Primary tumor and Regional lymph nodes according to F/B ratio in breast cancer patients



As the F/B ratio increases, the ratio of Tis is increased.



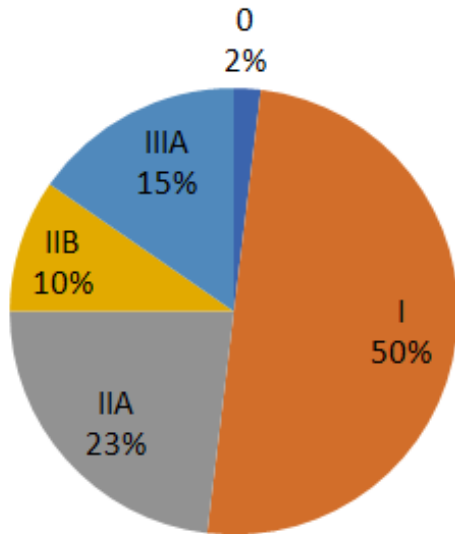
As the F/B ratio increases, The ratio of N0 is increased.



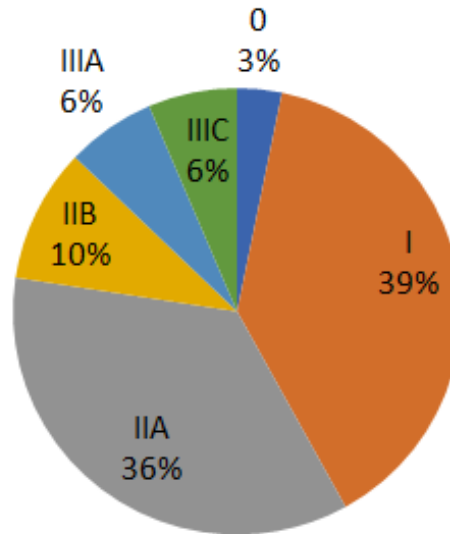
Comparison of Pathologic stage according to F/B ratio in breast cancer patients

As the F/B ratio increases, the TNM stage is down-graded.

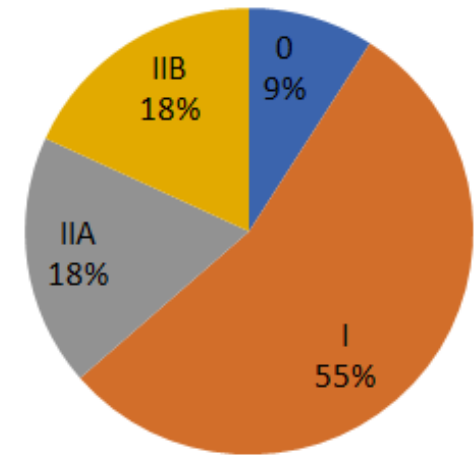
F/B ratio < 2



2 ≤ F/B ratio < 3



F/B ratio ≥ 3



stage \ F/B ratio	F/B ratio < 2	2 ≤ F/B ratio < 3	F/B ratio ≥ 3
0	2 %	3 %	9 %
I	50 %	39 %	55 %
II	33 %	46 %	36 %
III	15 %	12 %	0 %

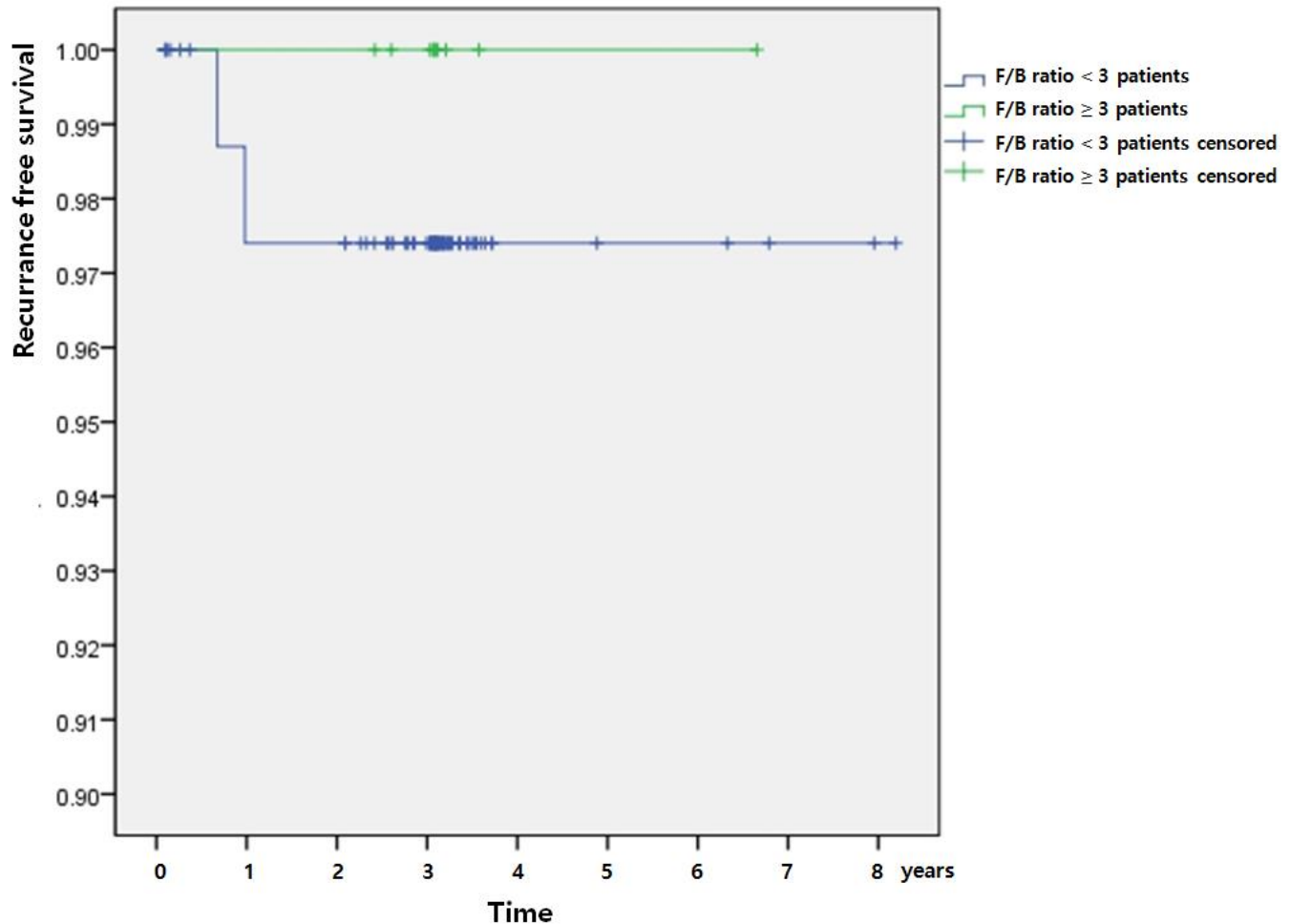


Recurrence related to FB ratio

Patients with **high FB ratio** have a **better prognosis**

As the F/B ratio is low, the recurrence is increased.

- Kaplan-meier survival analysis





Conclusion

- The F / B ratio is higher in **healthy control** group.
 - In **breast cancer patients**, high-level of BMI group and meat-lover group show the F / B ratio high, and the **higher the F / B ratio**, the **lower TNM stage**.
 - Obesity was associated with the onset or bad prognosis of breast cancer. However, this study has been shown **high BMI** is one of a **good prognostic factor** concerning the microbiome F / B ratio.
- *In conclusion, if the F / B ratio is high in the group of breast cancer patients as healthy control group, it may have a good prognosis.*
- This study keeps going on through **clinical trials** in the near future **with** MD healthcare **company**.